

Entropy-Preserving Numerical Schemes.

Carlos Parés.

Given a system of conservation laws

$$u_t + f(u)_x = 0, \quad (1)$$

equipped with an entropy pair, (η, q) , is it known that the entropy weak solutions satisfy the inequality

$$\eta(u)_t + q(u)_x \leq 0, \quad (2)$$

A numerical method is said to be entropy stable if a discretized version of (2) can be shown. Tadmor in [4] introduced the so-called entropy-preserving numerical fluxes that, together with an adequate numerical viscous term, allow one to obtain entropy stable methods. Tadmor's framework has been extended to non-conservative systems in [1]-[2], and to degenerate convection-diffusion equations in [3]. In this talk, these extensions, as well as their practical interest, will be discussed.

References

- [1] Castro M.J., Fjordholm U.S., Mishra S., Parés C. *Entropy conservative and entropy stable schemes for nonconservative hyperbolic systems*. SIAM J. Num. Anal. 51 (2013), 1371–1391.
- [2] Hilebrand A., Mishra S., Parés C. *Entropy-stable space-time DG schemes for non-conservative hyperbolic systems*. To appear in ESAIM-M2AN.
- [3] Jerez S., Parés C. *Entropy stable schemes for degenerate convection-diffusion equations*. SIAM J. on Num. Anal. 55 (2017), 240–264.
- [4] Tadmor E., *The numerical viscosity of entropy stable schemes for systems of conservation laws*. I. Math. Comp. 103 (1987), 49–91.